## **GROSS NECROPSY REPORT**

SPECIES Tursiops truncatus FIELD NUMBER 54IMMS031111 DATE 03/14/11

LOCATION GofM, Dauphin Island LAT 30.24921/LONG 88.20676

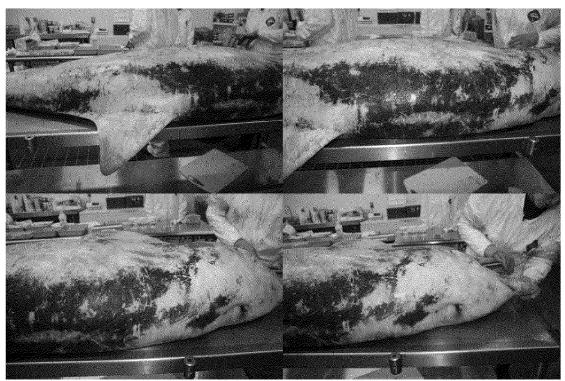
**GENDER** Female **TL** 237 cm **COND** Code 3 **WEIGHT** Approx 350#/ 159 kgs **HISTORY:** Single stranding event. Fishing line found attached to SQ tissue on lower right commisure. Fishing line was collected and retained with COC.

### **NECROPSY**

**EXTERNAL EXAM:** Loss of nucal fat-"peanut head". Lateral vertebral processes visible on peduncle. Scapula evident on both sides. Indentation ventral to dorsal fin. Body condition- 2/5. Fishing line found attached to SQ tissue on lower right commisure. No leader or hook were found or seen on radiographs. A hole was present medially to end of fishing line. Fishing line came out easily when pulled. Left eye ruptured. Teeth-upper left- 23, #8 (caudal to cranial) broken diagonally. Lower left- 23, #24 missing. Upper right- 24, Lower right- 25. Skin missing along majority of sides. 75% loss on right dorsal and ventral fluke. Skin missing on dorsal fin. Large amount of blood coming out of blowhole and mouth. Medial right flipper has numerous conspecific rake mark scars.







**INTERNAL EXAM:** Blubber layer tightly adhered to SQ fascia. Hemorrhaging around the prescapular area. Serosanguineous fluid in abdominal cavity. Sand was present in the rectum.



BLUBBER: Slight icterus to blubber layer.

## MUSCULOSKELETON

**Axial Muscle:** Edema in the submandibular area. Hemorrhaging around the prescapular lymph nodes and lateral neck area.

Axial Skeleton: No fractures found.

Ribs & Sternum: No fractures found.

### **CIRCULATORY SYSTEM**

Heart: Heart was dark blackish red. Valves appeared grossly normal.

#### RESPIRATORY SYSTEM

Blowhole: Bloody fluid came out of blowhole.

**Trachea:** Sand present in oropharynx. Tracheal mucosa was dark red and thicker than normal.

**Lungs:** Dark, blackish red. Long thin white linear parasites found in both lungs. Generalized 2 mm granulomas throughout both lungs. Right lung was less autolyzed than left.

**DIGESTIVE SYSTEM:** Necrotic ulcerated areas on the hard palate.



Esophagus: Sand in the esophagus

Fore Stomach: Not examined. Entire stomach collected whole and frozen.

Main Stomach: Not examined. Entire stomach collected whole and frozen.

**Pyloric Stomach:** Multiple nodules palpable. Biopsy section collected and put in

formalin.

**Intestine:** Dark, red gas filled.



**Describe food-stuffs found in GI Tract:** Not examined. Entire stomach collected whole and frozen.

**Describe parasites found in GI Tract:** Not examined. Entire stomach collected whole and frozen.

Liver: Autolyzed. Greenish black, soft.

**Pancreas:** Too autolyzed to evaluate. Subcapsular gas.

#### **URINARY SYSTEM**

Kidneys: No stones found. Dark blackish red. Autolyzed.

**Adrenals:** Too autolyzed to evaluate.

**Urinary Bladder:** No urine or stones.

# **ENDOCRINE & HEMOLYMPHATIC SYSTEMS**

**Thymus:** Not present.

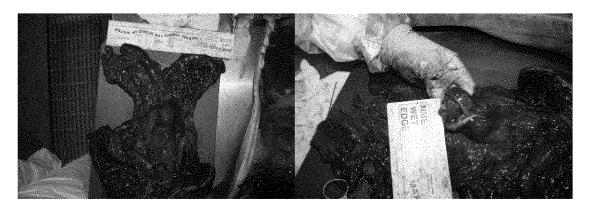
**Thyroid:** Too autolyzed to evaluate.

**Pituitary:** Too autolyzed to evaluate.

**Spleen:** Too autolyzed to evaluate.

**Lymph Nodes:** Prescapular ln are very enlarged and necrotic. Lung ln autolyzed. Mesenteric ln dark blackish red. Hilar ln were dark blackish red, soft (autolyzed).

**REPRODUCTIVE TRACT:** Uterus was dark red, larger than normal and flaccid. No fetus was present. Cervix had some blood in it. Vulvar area was enlarged. Sand was present in the vaginal area.





**CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM Brain:** Too autolyzed to evaluate

**Spinal Cord:** Too autolyzed to evaluate

**HEAD** 

**SENSORY ORGANS** 

Eyes: Ruptured

Ears: Appeared grossly normal.

**CONCLUSIONS:** Several abnormal lesions were found including: parasites in lungs; flaccid uterus which appeared to indicate postparturient; very enlarged prescapular lymph nodes with necrosis; hemorrhaging around the prescapular area and neck; edema in the submandibular area; blood coming out of the blowhole; and poor body condition. Sign of human interaction was found with fishing line attached to subcutaneous tissue in left lower commisure of the mouth but no fishing hook or leader was found attached to the fishing line.

Carcass Disposition: Frozen at IMMS

**CAUSE OF DEATH FROM FIELD DETERMINATION:** Cause of death could not be determined on gross evaluation.

# This report was generated by: Dr. Connie Chevis

## TISSUES COLLECTED

PAH/Chemistry: NOAA frozen, foil

Blubber Liver Lung Kidney Swabs

## PAH/Chemistry: NOAA frozen, glass vial

Abdominal fluid

### CYP 1A: NOAA Frozen

Skin + full-thick blubber section

### CYP 1A: NOAA, formalin

Skin + full-thick blubber section

## Virology: NOAA, frozen

Spleen

Lung assoc LN

Lung Kidney Liver

## Biotoxins: NOAA. Frozen

Liver

## Parasites: NOAA, In 70% isopropyl alcohol

Internal- Lung

# Life History: NOAA, Frozen

Teeth- 4 Stomach, whole Skin (isotope) Skin (genetics)

## Histology: NOAA, in formalin

Trachea

Heart (all 4 chambers)

Aorta

Pulmonary artery

Pharynx

Tongue

Esophagus

**Small Intestine** 

Colon

Urinary bladder

Blubber

Skin

Muscle

3<sup>rd</sup> stomach lesion

Gonad (L&R)

Mammary gland

Uterus/ uterine horn (R&L)

Vagina/Cervix

Lymph node: Hilar, mesenteric

## Postparient female: NOAA

Uterine horn: in formalin, -80 R& L

#### PAH: IMMS X 3 Frozen

Frozen: IMMS X 6

Blubber

Muscle

Liver X 7

Teeth-6, lower left jaw

Skin X 2

Lower left jaw

## Histo (10% Buffered Formalin): DROT x1, IMMS X2

Trachea

Heart- R, L Atrium, R,L Ventricle.

Aorta

Pulmonary artery

tongue

Esophagus

Duodenum

Jejunum

Ileum

Colon

Spleen

Urinary bladder

Blubber

Muscle

Ovary- L & R

Uterus

Vagina

Cervix

Mammary gland 3<sup>rd</sup> stomach lesions

Skin/blubber full thickness

Viral: IMMS, frozen

Spleen

Parasites: in formalin

Lung

PHOTOS/VIDEO: Yes/No

**ASSOCIATED DATA SHEETS:** Level A Data Form, Delphinid Specimen record, IMMS MM Necropsy tissue form, Northern Gulf UME Sample Collection Check List, NOAA Chain of custody record.