# ZOOLOGICAL PATHOLOGY PROGRAM STRANDED CETACEAN NECROPSY REPORT

Field ID: 22IMMS022011 Additional Identifier:

**ZPP Accession Number:** 11-022Tt

Species: Tursiops truncatus Strand Date: 02-20-11 Strand Location: Biloxi, MS

Sex: male
Age Class: fetus

Necropsy Date: 02-20-11 Condition code: 3 Total Length: 97 cm

Weight:

Blubber Depth: Body Condition:

Gross Necropsy: (available)

Slides/Tissues Received: 6 regular slides

**Microscopic Findings:** Extensive autolysis and large numbers of postmortem bacteria. Also few 3-4 μm ovoid (presumptive) yeasts, also considered postmortem overgrowth.

### Slide 1:

Aorta, pulmonary artery and trachea: No significant findings (NSF)

#### Slide 2:

Heart: Epicardial adipocytes are variably sized.

#### Slide 3:

Ductus arteriosus (per gross report): NSF

Lung: Diffusely alveolar spaces are not expanded (fetal atelectasis). Scattered alveoli contain low numbers of amniotic squames; regionally numbers are moderate. Throughout are many large (postmortem) bacilli though there are also scattered smaller bacilli and coccobacilli.

### Slide 4:

Urinary bladder and umbilical arteries; Non-glandular stomach; Intestine; and Testis: NSF

#### Slide 5:

Penis; kidney; fundic stomach: NSF

### Slide 6:

Skeletal muscle; liver: NSF

# **Final Diagnosis:**

1. Mild to moderate intra-alveolar squames

## **Comments:**

Alveoli were uninflated meaning this animal never breathed and was thus a fetus at time of death. Low total length, at 97 cm, was consistent with a pre-term fetus. Abundant intra-alveolar squames, while less numerous than in some cases, were still indicative of in-utero fetal distress.

Reported By:	
Michael J. Kinsel DVM, Dip ACVP August 31, 2011	