232463.5.2

evaluated practices and procedures iscluding wildlife cleanup operations, beach cleanup operations, and decontamnation and wate management activities throughout the states of Lusiviana, Alabana, Mississippi, and Fords. In contrast the the fishbore evaluations, which relied on traditional industrial hygiene exposure assessment methodologies and quantitative exposure monitoring to identify potential hazards, the onshore assessment relied on qualitative assessment techniques, including the use of professional judgment and expertite during observations of onshore work activities. Health symptom surveys, however, were similar to those used for the offshore evaluations.

The goals of the NIOSH IHIE assessments were to describe acute health effects, evaluate occupational exposures in qualitative or quantitative assessments and generate hypotheses regarding symptons potentially related to work activities. These assessments were not intended to describe or investigate potential long-term or chronic health effects. The results of hese investigations were reported in a series of nine interim reports and report summaries posted on the BIOSH velosite. The full reports were distributed electronically to be yecontacts for each vert activity evaluated, fluidude in the reports were conclusions regarding the extent of hazards and exposures identified as well as recommendations for

improving workplace conditions. Furthermore, all exposure and health symptom survey data were compiled in electronic spreadsheets and posted on the NIOSH website. This information can be accessed at <u>http://www.cdc.gov/niosh/topics/oilspillresponse/gulfspillhhe.html.</u> Additional information about

## Overview and Results

Review and Evaluation of Hospitalizations
In response to the BP request to evaluate the May 25, 2010, hospitalizations of seven fishermen
involved in VoO operations, we reviewed hospital records from West Afferion Medical Center in
Marreno, Cusiliana, BP Healthcare Provider Reporting Forms completed by nurse case imanagers, and
the OSHA preliminary Incident Report of Fishermen Isocausted near Grand side Shypard. We also
interviewed nexe case imanagers and CTEH and OSHA investigations. Afficiency all seven fishermenewer
hospitalized on the same day, we found that their symptoms could not be Inked to the chemical
dispersant this zome of the fishermen had originally suspected. The seven fishermenewer inflamenment when the one of the same day were operating in the area of dispersant to us at the time. Most of the