



Macondo Technical Note

Title:	Depleted Pressure for Well Control Planning
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Question Addressed in this Technical Note:

The team planning the relief well has requested a revised estimate of the pressures which they may encounter at the reservoir interval.

This note differs from Version B in two aspects: 1) it addresses questions from the drilling team regarding pressures in the M57 sands, and 2) it incorporates simulation results to 22-July (the previous note included simulated results to 2-July).

Key Conclusions

The likely pressure in the M56E (main oil sand) is approximately 10,100 psia. This value is based on the pressure observed at the BOP, corrected for static head. This new estimate lies within the previously estimated range for this sand, 9,360 – 10,550 psia (ref. note: “Depleted Pressure for Relief Well Planning” vA, 2-July-2010, by Bob Merrill)

The pressures in the M57 interval are expected to be considerably higher than the pressure in the M56E, for the following reasons:

- The sands may or may not be producing, which raises the possibility that they could be at initial pressure. Communication between these sands and the wellbore is unknown, but we assume that the sands are open to flow.
- These sands were logged as low permeability sands (7.5 mD and 0.1 mD in the B and C, respectively). The flow potential of these sands is quite low. Both were encountered slightly overpressured, which suggests limited areal extent.

The M56A sand, on the other hand, is likely to be depleted relative to the M56E. The fluid in the sand is uncertain (either gas or oil). We have modeled it as a gas, and it has considerable flow potential (logged permeability: 400 mD).

These conclusions can be summarized in the following table:

Calculated Reservoir Pressures on 20-July

Zone	Mid-pt TVDss (ft)	Modeled Fluid	Mobility (KH/0)	Wellbore (psia)	Near Wellbore	Reservoir (psia)	Near Wellbore	
							Minimum (60mbd/no Ag)	Maximum (35 mbd/+Ag)
M57B	17,362	Gas	200	9,893	10,790	11,353	10,111	11,324
M57C	17,619	Gas	13	9,951	11,827	12,877	11,402	12,162
M56A	17,719	Gas	13,240	9,976	8,620	8,008	7,104	9,814
M56B	17,897	Water	43	10,019	10,764	11,272	10,179	11,224
M56C	17,945	Water	23	10,031	11,147	11,991	10,663	11,528
M56D	17,992	Oil	8,458	10,043	10,555	11,206	9,703	11,225
M56E	18,070	Oil	79,058	10,062	10,100	10,363	8,897	11,047
M56F	18,142	Oil	3,191	10,079	10,503	11,090	9,579	11,230

- “Wellbore” pressure is based on a static head from the observed BOP pressure (6850 psia). In high mobility zones, this pressure will approximate the reservoir pressure. This is not the case for lower mobility zones.
- “Near well” and “reservoir” pressures are based on a weighted average of simulation cases.
 - “Near Well” represents the pressure within 20ft of the wellbore
 - “Reservoir” represents the average reservoir pressure
- “Extreme” cases are shown; these represent the calculated maximum and minimum “Near Well” pressures

For completeness, the following table includes the static wellbore pressures calculated at each of the casing points:

Shoe or Formation	Depth MD	Depth TVD	SIP (Prosper thermal)	□ P (from gauge)
Mudline	5,067	5,067	6,855	16
36"	5,321	5,321	6,920	81
28"	6,217	6,217	7,146	307
22"	7,937	7,937	7,572	733
18"	8,969	8,969	7,826	987
16"	11,585	11,585	8,469	1,630
13-5/8"	13,145	13,133	8,850	2,011
11-7/8"	15,103	15,092	9,331	2,492
9-7/8"	17,168	17,157	9,838	2,999
Top M57B	17,467	17,381	9,893	3,054
Top M57C	17,700	17,614	9,950	3,111
Top M56A	17,804	17,718	9,975	3,136
Top M56B	17,976	17,890	10,017	3,178
Top M56C	18,030	17,844	10,006	3,167
Top M56D	18,067	17,981	10,040	3,201
Top M56E	18,120	18,034	10,053	3,214
Top M56F	18,218	18,132	10,077	3,238
7"	18,304	18,293	10,116	3,277
TD	18,360	18,349	10,130	3,291

Assumed Pressure: 6850 psia at capping stack
 Pressure of 6839 recorded at the BOP (5046 ft) at 23:56 on 20-July

Assumptions / Discussion

1. The wellbore pressures are based upon a static head. The others are based upon simulation.
2. Reservoir Parameters for simulation (unchanged from previous note):
 - Oil B_{oi} : 2.345 rb/stb
 - c_f : 6×10^{-6} psia⁻¹
 - c_w : 3×10^{-6} psia⁻¹
 - GOR: 2993 SCF/stb
 - OOIP: 109.9 mmstb
 - Reservoir Volumes: Oil: 257.8 mmb, S_{wc} : 9.7% (in M56E, varies in other zones), Aquifer: 991.6 mmb (excludes connate water, 3.8x oil volume)
3. Average depletion for each case (psi/day) from 20-April to 1-July were calculated. This factor was applied to the simulation results (through 1-July) to update them to 20-July.
4. The model is a stylized representation of the reservoir, with each layer homogeneous, and no dip.
5. Reservoir sands' properties and depths were modelled per spreadsheet "MC252 - 1 Sand Description v2.xls", (24-May, email Kelly McAughan, attached). The sands without permeability but calculated porosity were assigned a nominal permeability (see table).

Reservoir Properties

Top of Sand MD Depth	Bottom of Sand MD Depth	Top of Sand TVSS Depth	Bottom of Sand TVSS Depth	Fluid Content	Expected to Flow (Used in Modeling)	Sand Name	Gross Sand			Average Gross Porosity			Average Net Porosity		Average Pay Porosity		Average Pay Porosity		Average Pay Porosity		Geometric Pore Volume Fraction (GV/FV)		Pore Volume Fraction (GV/FV)	Pore Volume Fraction (GV/FV)	Pressure Depth Datum			
							Feet	Feet	Feet	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%				%	%	%
12030.0	12243.0	11945.0	12161.0	Gas	Yes if Linear Leak	M503	2	2	2														1000	N/A	162	1081 psia (based on 11.3 ppg pore pressure)	12253	
13227.2	13230.0	13141.6	13144.6	Gas	Yes if Linear Leak	M508	3	3	3														1000	N/A	178	8496 psia (based on 12.3 ppg pore pressure)	13143	
17467.0	17469.0	17381.1	17383.1	Gas	Yes	M57B	2	2	2	17.95	17.95	17.95	51.58	51.58	15.08	7.5	7.50	7.5	234	12847 psia (based on post well 14.2 ppg pore pressure)	0.1	237	13017 psia (Geo top @ 17713' tvdss) (MDT 3 attempt no assf)	17342				
17700.0	17708.5	17616.1	17622.6	Uncertain	no	M57C	8.5	0	0	8.95															237	13017 psia (Geo top @ 17713' tvdss) (MDT 3 attempt no assf)	17713	
17804.0	17809.5	17716.1	17720.6	Oil or Gas	Yes	M59A	2.6	2.6	2.6	22.48	22.48	22.48	24	24	1702.07	467.36	387.28	387.28	387.28	238	12038 psia (one MDT pressure at 17721' tvdss)	3.0	241		17721			
17975.5	17983.5	17899.6	17903.6	Brine	no	M59B	5	3	0	14.18	10.96	22.48	57.65	24	7.43	3.12												
18030.0	18032.0	17944.1	17946.1	Brine	no	M59C	2	2	0	17.29	17.28		64.2		4.73	4.06												
18067.0	18069.0	17981.1	18003.1	Oil	Yes	M59D	22	22	22	20.67	20.67	20.67	17.17	17.17	257.67	101.8	88.53	86.6	242	11839 psia (MDT & Geotop)							17963	
18120.0	18191.0	18031.1	18106.0	Oil	Yes	M59E	68.5	64.6	64.3	21.42	22.06	22.06	9.7	9.7	514.04	323.76	296.52	276.2	243	11859 psia (MDT)							18066	
18217.5	18238.5	18131.5	18152.5	Oil	Yes	M59F	6.5	6.5	6.5	21.06	21.06	21.06	21.85	21.85	1440.59	128.67	103.36	110.4	244	11875 psia (based on fluid gradient 0.568 gm/cc)							18142	

If Density log is not corrected to match core porosity
 18067.0 18069.0 17981.1 18003.1 Oil No Use Other: M59D 22 22 22 18.32 18.32 18.32 18.65 18.65 20.96 10.96 20.96

1. From core in M59C and M59E, K (kinkeberg air core at net confining stress = 2000 psi) is a function of core porosity at net confining stress
 2. Log porosity is calibrated to core porosity at net confining stress in M59D & M59E
 3. Log permeability is calculated from core-derived aquation from #1)

Gross true Volume cut off V_{tr}=0.4
 Net true Volume cut off P_{net}=0.14
 Pay has a Sw-cut off Sw=0.6

Water Depth = 4992 feet

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