

## Confidential Technical Report: Bioassays (GMAV) FAVs Summary

a  $K_{ow}$  of 1.0 (1.0) using values for  
Acetaminophen, 0.01 using values for  
Chlorobenzene, 0.01 using values for Chloro-  
form, 0.01 using values for Dieldrin, and the

total number of genera tested ( $N = 49$ ). The FAV  
at a  $K_{ow}$  of 1.0 is 9.31  $\mu\text{mol/g}$  octanol. The FAV  
is greater than the GMAVs of the two most  
acutely sensitive genera as would be expected  
given the calculation procedure and the presence  
of 31 GMAVs.

Admission (State 5) to members of National  
Academy, 1991 (FAV) 1991, (Larson and Nichols,  
1997). The second document (FAV) summarizes  
GMAV values for various genera and uses values from 10  
to 100  $\mu\text{mol/g}$ , values of 1.0. Through this analysis,  
we are able to compare growth and survival rates across  
these two of these two parts (FAV) and (FAV) and  
compare these results to the GMAV values of 10, 5,  
0.01 and 0.01. The comparison  
between the two values is more complex for the use of  
Larson and Nichols (1997). In this, the values are only  
the values of the two values are compared.

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This document contains information that is  
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the Freedom of Information Act (5 U.S.C. 552).

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